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BREEDING SUCCESS OF THE WHITE-TAILED EAGLE (*Haliaeetus albicilla*) IN UKRAINE IN 1988-1998

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We have information about 98 cases of breeding in all parts of Ukraine. 75 were successful (76.5%). These pairs had total 107 fledged youngs. The average number of fledglings per successful pair (F/S) is 1.43; per active pair (F/A) – 1.09. In 61.3% pairs 1 young was fledged, in 34.7% – 2, in 4.0% – 3. Productivity has small regional differences, it increases from west to east: western part of the country – F/S = 1.11, F/A = 1.00, breeding success (BS) = 90.0%, N = 10; southern part – F/S = 1.37, F/A = 1.04, BS = 76.0%, N=25; central and northern parts – F/S = 1.50, F/A = 1.08, BS = 72.4%, N = 57; eastern part (with pairs from adjoining territory of Russia) – F/S = 1.80, F/A = 1.42, BS = 78.9%, N = 19. In years these parameters fluctuated: BS from 50.0% (1998) to 90.0% (1995); F/S from 1.0 (1991) to 1.57 (1998); F/A from 0.67 (1991) to 1.40 (1995). Breeding territories were divided into 3 categories according to foraging habitats: 1) with two types of water bodies, one of which were fishponds; 2) with large flooded areas of rivers; 3) with large reservoirs of the Dniepr. Reproductive parameters: 1) F/S = 1.53, F/A = 1.31, BS = 85.7%, N = 35; 2) F/S = 1.29, F/A = 1.05, BS = 80.9%, N = 21; 3) F/S = 1.39, F/A = 0.93, BS = 66.7%, N = 42.