

ABSTRACTS

of the
2nd Meeting of the European Ornithologists Union
and
3rd International Shrike Symposium

15-18 SEPTEMBER 1999, GDAŃSK, POLAND

ABOUT DISTRIBUTION AND NUMBER CHANGES OF BIRDS OF PREY IN UKRAINE

Igor GORBAN, V. Vetrov, V. Grischenko, S. Kostin, V. Piluga

Dept. of Zoology, University of Lviv, Hrushevsky St. 4, Lviv 290005, Ukraine, E-mail: wowka@txnet.com

Only 20 species of birds of prey which are included in the Red Data Book of Ukraine are examined. After the second edition of National Red Data Book of Ukraine (1994) and „Birds in Europe: their conservation status” (1994) some inaccuracies with reference to data about number of some species were established. These inaccuracies were connected with the lack of data in the past and imperfection of census methods. Because of the insufficient observation of Ukrainian territory during the project of preparing „Atlas of the nesting birds” some maps also don't reflect correctly distribution of some birds of prey species in Ukraine. In this paper the causes of previous inaccuracies are discussed and modern distribution maps are analysed. We added the list of species from the National Red Data Book with information about the availability of existing data for the latest 10 years. In this list the first figure means data from national Red Data Book (1994), the second one – from the book „Birds in Europe” (1994) and the third one – the current data which are analysed on the basis of census in whole Ukraine. *Milvus milvus* ?/5-8/(10-16), *Circus cyaneus* ?/10-15/15-30, *C. macrourus* ?/10-17/5-10, *Accipiter brevipes* 50/1.000/100, *Buteo rufinus* ?/40-50/10-20, *Circaetus gallicus* ?/30-40/80-110, *Haliaeetus pennatus* 450-500/20-24/200-280, *Aquila nipalensis* 0?/1-5/(1-2), *A. clanga* 150/40-50/60-110, *A. pomarina* ?/200-250/180-300, *A. heliaca* 50/40-50/40-47, *A. chrysaetos* 5-8/6-8/6-8, *Haliaeetus albicilla* 20-22/40-45/60-70, *Pandion haliaetus* 4-5/1-5/(5-10), *Neophron percnopterus* ?/1-2/?, *Aegyptius monachus* 4-5/6/6, *Gyps fulvus* 70/1-4/1-4, *Falco cherrug* 150/(120-150)/(80-120), *F. peregrinus* 20/(1-12)/(10-15), *F. naumanni* 100/(200-300)/(< 10).